Writing LTP	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Reception	All About me! Texts as Stimulus: We're going on a Bear Hunt We're Going on a Bear Hunt Michael Rusen Hillen Osenbury  Little Red Hen	Terrific Tales! Texts as a Stimulus: The Three Billy Goats Gruff (Defeat Monster) Create a wanted poster to catch the troll Name writing, labelling using initial sounds, story	Amazing Animals! Texts as a Stimulus: The very hungry caterpillar  Writing some of the tricky words such as I, me, my, like, to, the.	Come Outside! Texts as a Stimulus: Jack and the Beanstalk – retell parts of the story / repeated refrains / speech bubbles  Beanstalk  Beanstalk  Beanstalk	Ticket to ride! Texts as a Stimulus: Mr Gumpy's Outing (Cumulative) Report about the animals falling into the water  Mr Gumpy's Outing	Fun at the Seaside! Texts as a Stimulus: The snail and the whale  Big Blue Whale (Information Text) Write facts about
	Funnybones  Janet & Allan Ahlberg  FUNNYBONES  * * * *	scribing. Retelling stories in writing area, instructions for porridge. Help children identify the sound that is tricky to spell. Sequence the story Write a sentence	Writing CVC words, Labels using CVC, CVCC, CCVC words. Guided writing based around developing short sentences in a meaningful context. Create a story board.	Healthy Food – My Menu / Bean Diary Creating own story maps, writing captions and labels, writing simple sentences.  Writing short sentences to	Handa's Surprise (Journey story) Retell the story in own words / reverse the journey  HANDAS SURPRISE	whales WHALE
	Owl babies  Owl Babies  Dominant hand, tripod			accompany story maps. Order the Easter story. Labels and captions — life cycles Recount — A trip to the park Character descriptions. Write 2 sentences	Describe each animals Write new version Writing recipes, lists. Writing for a purpose in role play using phonetically plausible attempts at words, beginning to use finger spaces. Form lower-case and	sentences using a range of tricky words that are spelt correctly. Beginning to use full stops, capital letters and finger spaces. Innovation of familiar texts Using familiar texts as a model for
	grip, mark making, giving meaning to marks and labelling. Shopping lists,				capital letters correctly. Rhyming words.	writing own stories. Character description – Rainbow Fish

Writing initial sounds and simple captions. Use initial sounds to label characters / images. Silly soup. Names Labels. Captions Lists Diagrams Messages – Create a Message centre!				Acrostic poems	Write three sentences – B, M & E.
Narrative Descriptions of	Narrative Descriptions of characters - Bunting MUSEUM DESCRIPTION OF	Whatever Next! Narrative Innovating the story - Changing the setting and vehicle  Whatever Next!  Jill Murphy	Wombat goes Walkabout Narrative Responding to elements of the story  Wombat Goes Walkabout  Michael Morpurgo Christian Birmingham  Spring Is Here Poetry	Jasper's Beanstalk Narrative JASPERS BEANSTALK  Diary - Writing about growing a bean plant.  Recount- Our trip to the Woods	Grandad's Island Narrative  GRANDADS  Fact File - Writing about a minibeast

Terminology:	SPAG Focus:	SPAG Focus:	SPAG Focus:	SPAG Focus:	SPAG Focus:	SPAG Focus:
letter, capital						
letter word,	<u>Punctuation</u>	<u>Punctuation</u>	<u>Sentence</u>	<u>Word</u>	<u>Word</u>	<u>Word</u>
singular,	Finger spaces	Finger spaces	Using <i>and</i> to join	Plural noun suffixes -s	Plural noun suffixes -s	Plural noun suffixes -s
plural	Capital letters	Capital letters		or -es	or -es	or -es
sentence	Full stops	Full stops	<u>Text</u>	Suffixes added to root	Suffixes added to root	Suffixes added to root
punctuation,	Question marks	Question marks	Sequence sentences to	words -ing -ed -er	words -ing -ed -er -est	words -ing -ed -er -est
full stop,	Exclamation marks	Exclamation marks	form short narratives	Prefix un-	Prefix un-	Prefix un-
question						
mark,	Sentence	Sentence	Punctuation	<u>Sentence</u>	<u>Sentence</u>	<u>Sentence</u>
exclamation mark	Using <i>and</i> to join	Using <i>and</i> to join	Finger spaces Capital letters	Using <i>and</i> to join	Using <i>and</i> to join	Using <i>and</i> to join
			Full stops	Text	Text	Text
			Question marks	Sequence sentences to	Sequence sentences to	Sequence sentences to
			Exclamation marks	form short narratives	form short narratives	form short narratives
				<u>Punctuation</u>	<u>Punctuation</u>	<u>Punctuation</u>
				Finger spaces	Finger spaces	Finger spaces
				Capital letters	Capital letters	Capital letters
				Full stops	Full stops	Full stops
				Question marks	Question marks	Question marks
				Exclamation marks	Exclamation marks	Exclamation marks
Year 2	The Day the Crayons Came	Vlad and the Great Fire of	Big Cats (+ animal based	Stardust *	The Twits	The Storm Whale
	<u>Home</u>	<u>London</u>	non-fiction texts)*	Writing to entertain -	Writing to entertain -	Writing to entertain –
	Writing to entertain -	<u>Writing to entertain</u> -	<u>Writing to inform</u> -	Narrative	Narrative	Narrative
	Postcard	Narrative and description	Non chronological report:		DONID	THE CTODM NATURE
	Description		Rainforest animals	Ctaclit	KARLD	** STORM WHALE
	The DAT the CRAYONS	Vlad	EVERYTHING	Stardust :	DAHI	
	came AHOMF	and the	BIGICATS		TOW.T	
	II O MI E	Great Fire of London			JHE WILS	
			PICTURES		Illustrated by Quentin Blake	
	Flow	A September 1	NFOTO MAKE	110	to Mercy die	Benji Davies
	ART ANIES		ROAR!			
	UMORA THE COUCH	100		Jeanne Willis & Briony May Smith 2007		Poems to Perform
	ANEW DAYWOLF OLIVER TEFFERS		ELIZASETH CARNET			Writing to entertain –
	term the content of the 115 secretary to the the charons out	Kate and Sam Gunningham			W/ BD A BB	Poetry
			There's an Orangutan in		The Marie Delether 1	
	How to catch a dragon		my bedroom *		The Magic Paintbrush	
	Writing to inform –	The Great Fire of London	Writing to entertain –		<u>Writing to entertain</u> –	
	Instruction Writing	<u>Writing to inform</u> –	Narrative		Narrative	
	moduction writing	Non-fiction	Ivairative			



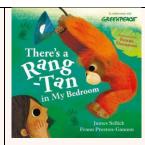
Fact file



The True Story of the Three Little Pigs \* Writing to entertain -

Narrative (Alternative traditional tale)





## **Bisa's Carnival**



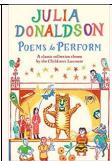
Steve goes to the carnival



Carried away with the carnival







Terminology: noun, noun phrase statement, question, exclamation, command compound, suffix

adjective,

adverb, verb

tense (past,

apostrophe,

present)

comma

SPAG Focus:

<u>Sentence</u>

**Subordination** - when if that because

**Co-ordination** - or and but

<u>Text</u> Past tense

Punctuation
Finger spaces
Capital letters
Full stops
Question marks
Exclamation marks

**SPAG Focus**:

Word

**Suffixes** -ness -er -ful -less -er -est -ly

.,

<u>Sentence</u>

**Subordination** - when if that because

**Co-ordination** - or and but **Expanded noun phrases** 

Sentences that indicate statement, question, exclamation or command

SPAG Focus:

Word

**Suffixes** -ness -er -ful -less -er -est -ly

Turn adjectives into adverbs

<u>Sentence</u>

**Subordination** - when if that because

**Co-ordination** - or and but **Expanded noun phrases** Sentences that indicate

statement, question, exclamation or command

**SPAG Focus**:

Word

**Suffixes** -ness -er -ful - less -er -est -ly

Turn adjectives into adverbs

<u>Sentence</u>

**Subordination** - when if that because **Co-ordination** - or and

but Expanded

**Expanded noun phrases** Sentences that indicate statement, question, **SPAG Focus:** 

Word

Suffixes -ness -er -ful less -er -est -ly

Turn adjectives into adverbs

<u>Sentence</u>

**Subordination** - when if that because

**Co-ordination** - or and but

**Expanded noun phrases** Sentences that indicate

statement, question,

**SPAG Focus:** 

Word

Suffixes -ness -er -ful less -er -est -ly

Turn adjectives into adverbs

Sentence

**Subordination** - when if that because

**Co-ordination** - or and but

Expanded noun phrases

Sentences that indicate statement, question,

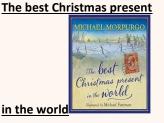
Year 3  Terminology:	Star in the Jar-Friendship Narrative Writing to entertain  Stone Age Boy-Diary entries  Stone Age Non chronological report Writing to inform	Text Present tense Past tense  Punctuation Finger spaces Capital letters Full stops Question marks Exclamation marks Commas  THE SECRET BLACK ROCK  Writing to entertan  Autumn is Here Poetry -Autumn is here	Text Present tense Past tense  Punctuation Finger spaces Capital letters Full stops Question marks Exclamation marks Commas Apostrophes  Iron Man Narrative Ted Hughes the Iron Man Instructional Writing	exclamation or command  Text Present tense Past tense  Punctuation Finger spaces Capital letters Full stops Question marks Exclamation marks Commas Apostrophes  Mr Hublot- video animation- narrative  I asked the little boy who couldn't see poetry  I sand a sentra de	exclamation or command  Text Present tense Past tense  Punctuation Finger spaces Capital letters Full stops Question marks Exclamation marks Commas Apostrophes  The Gardener  Letter writing  Persuasive Writing Holiday brochure- Spain  The incredible book eating boy Narrative- comedy  SPAG Focus:	exclamation or command  Text Present tense Past tense  Punctuation Finger spaces Capital letters Full stops Question marks Exclamation marks Commas Apostrophes  Tutankhamun non chronological text
preposition, conjunction word family, prefix clause,	Word Prefixes anti- auto- super-		Word Prefixes anti- auto- super-		Word Prefixes anti- auto- super-	

subordinate Use of the forms a or an Use of the forms a or an Use of the forms a or an clause direct Word families based on common words Word families based on common words Word families based on common words speech (solve, solution, solver, dissolve, insoluble) (solve, solution, solver, dissolve, insoluble) (solve, solution, solver, dissolve, insoluble) Sentence Sentence Sentence consonant, Expressing time, place and cause using conjunctions Expressing time, place and cause using conjunctions Expressing time, place and cause using consonant (when, before, after, while, so, because) (when, before, after, while, so, because) conjunctions letter vowel, Adverbs Adverbs (when, before, after, while, so, because) vowel letter (then, next, soon, therefore) (then, next, soon, therefore) **Adverbs** inverted **Prepositions Prepositions** (then, next, soon, therefore) commas (or (before, after, during, in, because of) (before, after, during, in, because of) **Prepositions** 'speech **Text** <u>Text</u> (before, after, during, in, because of) marks') **Paragraphs Paragraphs** Text **Headings / Subheadings Headings / Subheadings Paragraphs** Present perfect form of verbs Present perfect form of verbs **Headings / Subheadings** Present perfect form of verbs Punctuation Punctuation Inverted commas for direct speech Inverted commas for direct speech Punctuation Inverted commas for direct speech The Great Chocoplot Persuasive letter Dragonology The Zoo Non chronological Year 4 Non chronological writing Narrative report The Whale report (Jane Considine) Viking Boy - The Real Letter to invite someone to Scandinavia Story Story writing **The Unexpected Guest** -Descriptive Writing -Poetry - Non fiction - Newspaper character Aladdin and the Still I Rise by Maya report Narrative Angelou **Enchanted Lamp** Poetry

Terminology:	SPAG Focus:		SPAG Focus:		SPAG Focus:	
determiner			Mand			
pronoun,	<u>Word</u>   The grammatical difference between plural and possessive		Word The grammatical difference between plural and		Word	
possessive	=	between plural and possessive	_	between plural and	The grammatical difference between plural and	
pronoun adverbial	<b>-s</b> Sentence		possessive <b>–s</b> Sentence		possessive –s Sentence	
auverbiai	Noun phrases expanded by t	he addition of modifying	Noun phrases expanded by the addition of modifying		Noun phrases expanded by the addition of	
	adjectives, nouns and prepos		adjectives, nouns and preposition phrases		modifying adjectives, nouns and preposition	
	Fronted adverbials	inton pinases	Fronted adverbials	order prinases	phrases	
	Text		Text		Fronted adverbials	
	Paragraphs		Paragraphs		Text	
	Appropriate choice of <b>prono</b>	un or noun within and across	Appropriate choice of <b>prono</b>	oun or noun within and	Paragraphs	
	sentences to aid cohesion an		across sentences to aid cohe		Appropriate choice of <b>pro</b>	noun or noun within and
	<u>Punctuation</u>		<u>Punctuation</u>		across sentences to aid co	hesion and avoid
	Inverted commas for direct s	speech	Inverted commas for direct	speech	repetition	
	Apostrophes to mark plural p		Apostrophes to mark plural		Punctuation	
	Use of <b>commas</b> after <b>fronted</b>	ladverbials	Use of <b>commas</b> after <b>fronte</b>	d adverbials	Inverted commas for direct speech	
					Apostrophes to mark plural possession	
					Use of <b>commas</b> after <b>fron</b>	ted adverbials
Year 5	The Polar Bears Explorers Club  POLAR BEAR	Shackleton's Journey  SHACKLEDITS JOURNEY  Million Gull HIERE ETT 19385	Who Let the God's Out		COGHEART	Until I met Dudley  NOOR MOODEL CHES SECTION  Uptil  I Met  Dudley  I Me veryby thirds  Fally very
		Writing to Inform:	Descriptive writing of			
			Greek gods and			
		Non-chronological reports	mythical creatures			
		Newspaper report	Non-fiction writing			
			based on ancient Greek			
			Life			
		Writing to Entertain:	Writing to entertain:			
		First Person narrative	Structure of ancient			
		based on Shackleton's	Greek myths - planning			
		Journey	and writing own Greek			
		Poetry	myth			
		Writing to Persuade:	,			
		withing to reisuade.				

Terminology:	SPAG Focus:	Interview process Letter of application	SPAG Focus:		SPAG Focus:	
modal verb, relative pronoun relative clause parenthesis, bracket, dash cohesion, ambiguity	Word Converting nouns or adjectives into verbs using suffixes (– ate; –ise; –ify) Verb prefixes (dis–, de–, mis–, over– and re–) Sentence		Word Converting nouns or adjectives into verbs using suffixes (-ate; -ise; -ify) Verb prefixes (dis-, de-, mis-, over- and re-) Sentence Relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that Indicating degrees of possibility using adverbs (perhaps, surely) Modal verbs (might, should, will, must) Text Devices to build cohesion within a paragraph (then, after that, this, firstly) Linking ideas across paragraphs using adverbials of time Punctuation Brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis Use of commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity		Word Converting nouns or adjectives into verbs using suffixes (-ate; -ise; -ify) Verb prefixes (dis-, de-, mis-, over- and re-) Sentence Relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that Indicating degrees of possibility using adverbs (perhaps, surely) Modal verbs (might, should, will, must) Text Devices to build cohesion within a paragraph (then, after that, this, firstly) Linking ideas across paragraphs using adverbials of time Punctuation Brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis Use of commas to clarify meaning or avoid	
Year 6	Writing to Inform:  Biographies (Mary Anning, Charles Darwin) Newspaper Report (Kensuke's Kingdom)	Lost words	The Little Ships  (poetry and story writing)  Blitz - setting description, narrative  Letters from the lighthouse  Writing to Inform:	Rose Blanche story writing  The Highwayman Poetry	Wonder  Writing to Persuade:	Wonder

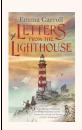
Letter writing formal (Headteachers for roles and responsibilities)



Letter from the trenches (Christmas Day truce)

Adventure story

Winston Churchill speech Wome in society - WWII job letter



Persuasive lettercharity linked to Fiver Challenge

**Writing to Explain** Journey of a Red Blood Cell



Describe summiting



Terminology: **SPAG Focus:** subject, object active, Spelling passive based on phonemes ay, e, ee, i, ie,o Word synonym, The difference between vocabulary typical of **informal** antonym speech and formal speech ellipsis, hyphen, Synonyms and antonyms colon. semi-Sentence colon, bullet Use of the **passive** to affect the presentation of information points in a sentence Use of question tags Use of subjunctive forms Text **Linking ideas across paragraphs** using a wider range of cohesive devices **Layout devices** Punctuation **Semi-colon**, **colon** and **dash** to mark the boundary between independent clauses

**Bullet points** 

**Hyphens** 

SPAG Focus: Spelling based on phonemes j, k, l, r, s, t Word The difference between vocabulary typical of informal speech and formal speech Synonyms and antonyms Sentence Use of the **passive** to affect the presentation of information in a sentence Use of question tags Use of subjunctive forms Text **Linking ideas across paragraphs** using a wider range of cohesive devices **Layout devices** Punctuation

between independent clauses

**Bullet points** 

**Hyphens** 

informal speech and formal speech Synonyms and antonyms Sentence Use of the **passive** to affect the presentation of Text **Semi-colon**, **colon** and **dash** to mark the boundary

**SPAG Focus:** 

based on phonemes s, sh, revision

The difference between vocabulary typical of

Spelling

Word

information in a sentence Use of question tags Use of subjunctive forms **Linking ideas across paragraphs** using a wider range of cohesive devices **Layout devices** Punctuation **Semi-colon**, **colon** and **dash** to mark the boundary

between independent clauses **Bullet points** Hyphens